



Richland Parish School System

Assistive Technology Policy and Procedures

Purpose

The purpose of this manual is to assist teachers, related service providers, and administrators in providing Assistive technology devices and services to students with disabilities as required by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. The manual contains operating guidelines that address all components of the Assistive Technology service delivery process. It also contains procedures that IEP teams will use when providing Assistive technology services. Resources that will be beneficial to IEP teams in developing and implementing Assistive technology intervention programs are also included.

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Definition of Assistive Technology

Part I:

Definition of Assistive Technology Devices and Services

The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (Public Law 105-17) offers clear definitions of assistive technology devices and services.

Assistive Technology Device:

Assistive technology devices are identified in the IDEA as:

Any item, piece of equipment or product system, whether acquired commercially off the shelf, modified, or customized, that is used to increase, maintain, or improve the functional capabilities of children with disabilities. (Section 300.5)

The definition of an assistive technology device as provided in the IDEA is very broad and gives IEP teams the flexibility that they need to make decisions about appropriate assistive technology devices for individual students. Although the IDEA uses the term “device”, IEP teams should remember that assistive technology also includes assistive technology hardware and software. Assistive technology may also include technology solutions that are generally considered instructional technology tools, if they have been identified as educationally necessary and documented in the student’s IEP. A classroom computer with a word processing program, for example, can be considered assistive technology for a student who demonstrates difficulty in writing and spelling if the IEP team has determined that it is educationally necessary.

As used in this document, **Assistive technology device** includes devices, hardware, and software that are required by a student with a disability. Assistive technology devices can be purchased from a local store or a vendor that specializes in the production and sale of Assistive technology devices. Assistive technology devices often need to be modified or customized to meet the individual needs of a student with disability. For example, a computer keyboard may need to be adapted through the addition of tactile locator dots for a student with a visual impairment. When determining Assistive technology needs, IEP teams should consider commercially available solutions that may be used “as is” or that can be modified to meet the student’s needs. However, in some situations it may be necessary to construct a device to meet the student’s unique needs.

A range of Assistive technology devices are available. Some are relatively “low technology” and inexpensive. For example, a pencil grip is an Assistive technology device that may be used by a student with a physical disability to improve handwritten communication through increasing their grasp of and control over their pencil. A student who has difficulty holding a standard cup may use an adapted cup with enlarged handles. Other devices are more “high technology” tools and are often more expensive. An example of a “high technology” tool is an augmentative communication device in which students type in messages on a communication display and they are spoken aloud.

Assistive technology devices are available in a variety of categories to address functional capabilities of students with disabilities. These categories include but are not limited to:

Academic and Learning Aids: Electronic and non-electronic aids such as calculators, spell checkers, portable word processors, and computer-based software solutions that are used by a student who has difficulty achieving in his or her educational curriculum.

Aids for Daily Living: Self-help aids for use in activities such as eating, bathing, cooking, dressing, toileting, and home maintenance.

Assistive Listening Devices and Environmental Aids/Hearing: Electronic and non-electronic aids such as amplification devices, closed captioning systems, and environmental alert systems that assist a student who is hard of hearing or deaf with assessing information that is typically presented through an auditory modality.

Augmentative Communication: Electronic and non-electronic devices and software solutions that provide a means for expressive and receptive communication for students with limited speech.

Computer Access and Instruction: Input and output devices, alternative access aids, modified or alternative keyboards, switches, special software, and other devices and software solutions that enable a student with a disability to use the classroom computer.

Environmental control: Electronic and non-electronic aids such as switches, environmental control units, and adapted appliances that are used by a student with a physical disability to increase his or her independence across all areas of the curriculum.

Mobility Aids: Electronic and non-electronic aids such as wheelchairs (manual and electronic), walkers, scooters that are used to increase personal mobility.

Pre-vocational and Vocational Aids: Electronic and non-electronic aids such as picture based task analysis sheet, adapted knobs, and adapted timers and watches that are used to assist a student in completing pre-vocational and vocational tasks.

Recreation and Leisure Aids: Electronic and non-electronic aids such as adapted books, switch adapted toys, and leisure computer-based software applications that are used by a student with a disability to increase his participation and independence in recreation and leisure activities.

Seating and Positioning: Adaptive seating systems and positioning devices that provide students with optimal positions to enhance participation and access to the curriculum.

Visual Aids: Electronic and non-electronic aids such as magnifiers, talking calculators, Braille writers, adapted tape players, screen reading software applications for the computer, and Braille note-taking devices that assist a student with a visual impairment or blindness to access and produce information that is typically present in a visual (print) modality.

Recreation and Leisure- specialized equipment for the playground, CD's, timers, flexible rules, and adapted materials/equipment

(Adapted from the Assistive Technology Guidelines for Kentucky Schools, Department of Education and WAIT 2009)

A particular student with a disability may require Assistive technology solutions from one or more of the above categories. For example, a student with a severe intellectual disability may use an augmentative communication device to supplement his or her communication skills, adaptive switch toy to participate in leisure activities, and an adapted keyboard for accessing the software applications on the classroom computer.

The above listed categories of Assistive technology devices are not disability specific. For example, a student with a learning disability who has difficulty focusing on the teacher's lecture in class due to processing difficulties may require an assistive listening device to amplify the teacher's voice in a classroom. Students with various types of disabilities use adapted recorders originally developed for visually impaired and blind children to access audio-reading materials.

The student's IEP committee determines the need for Assistive technology devices. Typically, Assistive technology solutions are identified through consideration of Assistive technology or through an Assistive technology assessment. Once an Assistive technology device has been determined educationally necessary, the student's IEP team should **describe the required device(s) in the IEP without naming a specific brand name**. Information on considering and assessing the need for Assistive technology devices and documenting Assistive technology devices is included in the subsequent sections of this manual.

Assistive Technology Service:

As defined in IDEA, an Assistive technology service is

Any service that directly assists a child with a disability in the selection, acquisition, and use of an Assistive technology device. The term includes-

- (a) The evaluation of the needs of a child with a disability, including a functional evaluation of the child in the child's customary environment.
- (b) Purchasing, leasing, or otherwise providing for the acquisition of Assistive technology devices by children with disabilities.
- (c) Selecting designing fitting, customizing, adapting, applying, retaining, repairing, or replacing Assistive technology devices.
- (d) Coordinating and use of other therapies, interventions, or services with assistive technology devices such as those associated with existing education and rehabilitation plans and programs.
- (e) Training or technical assistance for a child with a disability or, if appropriate that child's family, and caregivers.

(f) Training or technical assistance for professionals (including individuals or rehabilitation services), employers, or other individuals who provide services to employ, or are otherwise substantially involved in the major life functions of children with disabilities. (Section 300.6)

As stated in the IDEA, assistive technology services are provided to assist in the selection, acquisition, and use of an assistive technology device. Often IEP teams focus their energies on the device itself and forget that the assistive technology services, as described in this document, are critical to the student's use of the device. For some students, appropriate assistive technology devices are identified through an assessment that the IDEA specifies should be conducted in the student's customary environment. After, a device has been selected to meet the student's needs, the next step or "service" is to actually provide the assistive technology device for the student's use. After the device has been obtained, and if appropriate, modified, all appropriate individuals should be trained in the use of the device and the device should be made available for the student's use across instructional settings as needed.

Required assistive technology services should be addressed in the student's IEP. Information on addressing assistive technology services in the IEP is included in subsequent sections of this manual.

Procedures for Providing and Accessing Assistive Technology

Part II:

Considering Assistive Technology Needs

Requirements: Bulletin 1508 requires a screening be conducted at or prior to the SBLC Meeting as part of the Pre-Referral process.

Each IEP team in the school system will consider Assistive technology as a part of the development, review, and revision of the students IEP. Consideration of eligibility must be given for every student with a disability who is eligible for an IEP.

Screening Procedures

It is the primary responsibility of the student's teacher along with the assistance of other service providers to utilize the Assistive Technology Consideration Checklist (Appendix A) included in the pre-referral packet.

When completing the Assistive Technology Checklist, the SBLC and other involved school personnel should:

1. Gather information related to the student, program, and environmental factors. Identify areas that are keeping the student from accessing the general curriculum.
2. Considering the area (s) identified in step one, determine whether or not the student can accomplish the required task with any special strategies, accommodations, or technology already in use within the classroom.
3. Based on the information from step one and step two, determine if the student requires Assistive technology to complete the task identified. (Refer to the checklist of possible AT resources for examples of possible technology solutions.)

The consideration process during screening may include and opportunity for the student to use Assistive technology on a trial basis in order to obtain information on the potential effectiveness of the Assistive Technology device. Assistive technology for trial use may be available within the classroom or school. Contact the Assistive Technology specialist/AT Team to obtain addition technology for trial use if needed.

IEP Team's Consideration of Assistive Technology

The IEP team will complete the Assistive Technology Checklist and attach it to the student's IEP. Possible conclusions of the screening/consideration process include:

- The student independently accomplishes required tasks within the relevant instructional or access areas using standard classroom tools. **Assistive Technology is not required.**
- The student accomplishes the required tasks within the instructional or access areas using standard classroom modifications and accommodations that are currently in place. **Assistive Technology is not required.**
- The student accomplishes the required tasks within the relevant instructional or access areas with Assistive technology that is currently in place. **Assistive Technology is required.** (Document required AT devices and services in the IEP. Monitor the use of AT and make changes as needed.)
- The student cannot accomplish the required tasks within the relevant instructional or access areas with modifications, accommodations, and/or Assistive Technology that are currently in place.
 - If the IEP Team knows potential Assistive Technology solutions, trial use of the identified Assistive technology solution may be documented in the IEP and implemented. Following the trial use period, the results of the trial with a description of the appropriate Assistive technology device should be documented in the student's IEP if the team determines that it is required.
 - If the IEP team does not know potential solutions, a referral should be made to the school system's Assistive Technology specialist/Team for a student observation/consultation.

The outcomes of the consideration process will be documented in the Consideration of Special Factors component of the IEP. Minimal compliance with effective consideration of Assistive technology will include this statement- **The student does/does not require Assistive technology devices and services at this time.** If the IEP team determines that the student does require Assistive technology devices and /or services, they will include a description of the required Assistive technology in this section as well.

Requesting Assistance

The IEP team will request assistance in completing the consideration process when they are unable to determine whether or not the student requires Assistive technology or when they are unable to identify Assistive technology solutions that would be appropriate to meet the student's needs.

The following procedure will be used for requesting additional assistance:

- Refer the student for an assistive technology consultation to the school system assistive technology specialist/assistive technology team using the referral form found in (Appendix C).
- Submit a copy of the General Student information from the current IEP
- Submit a copy of the Assistive Technology Consideration Checklist with all possible sections completed.
- Send the completed referral packet to the AT coordinator.

If the IEP team, in consultation with the school system assistive technology specialist/assistive technology team cannot identify appropriate assistive technology solutions through assistive technology consideration, the student will be referred for an assistive technology evaluation.

Part III:

Evaluating Assistive Technology Needs

Requirement:

An assistive technology evaluation will be completed when the IEP team in consultation with the school system assistive technology specialist/assistive technology team, determines that the student's assistive technology needs cannot be effectively addressed through assistive technology consideration or if the initial AT screening indicates a need for an evaluation. Students may also be referred for an evaluation upon parent request.

Requesting an AT Evaluation:

The following procedures will be followed when requesting assistance from the school system assistive technology team/assistive technology specialist:

- A referral for an Assistive technology evaluation must be completed on the approved form. (Appendix C) and submitted to the AT Coordinator. This activity should be conducted immediately following the initial screening. If an evaluation is indicated for a child referred for an **initial** evaluation, the AT referral should be submitted by the Pupil Appraisal Evaluation Coordinator.
- If the determination comes after consideration during the IEP meeting, the Teacher with IEP Authority shall submit the referral.

The AT Referral packet should include:

- Parent Permission to conduct further screening and observation by the AT team.
- Assistive Technology consideration checklist with all possible sections completed.
- General Student Information Section of the IEP
- Once this referral is received, the AT coordinator will review the referral information and will make arrangements for the AT team to conduct further screening and observation to determine if further evaluation is warranted.
- The referral source will be notified concerning the AT team's decision whether or not further evaluation is indicated.

The evaluation team in collaboration with the student's IEP team may determine that an extended trial use period of a particular assistive technology device (or devices) is required prior to finalization of the evaluation process.

When the assistive technology evaluation has been completed, the results of the evaluation, including recommendations for assistive technology devices, will be recorded in a written report. The written report may be in the form of a narrative or the completed Assistive Technology Evaluation Protocols may serve as documentation of the evaluation.

The assistive technology evaluation report will be made available to the student's IEP team for their review.

Assistive technology devices and services determined to be educationally necessary based on the assistive technology evaluation will be documented in the student's IEP.

Part IV

Documenting Assistive Technology in the IEP

Requirement:

Assistive technology devices and services that have been determined educationally necessary by the IEP team will be described/documented in the student's IEP.

Procedures:

The IEP team will describe required Assistive technology devices and services in the component or components of the IEP that are most relevant to the student.

Assistive technology devices and services may be documented in one or more of the following components of the IEP:

1. Transition Services: This component of the IEP is the place to address Assistive technology that may be required by the student in post-secondary environments. When addressing Assistive technology for students transitioning out of the school system, it is important to address required Assistive technology devices and funding for Assistive technology devices. It is also important to address training and technical support for the student and family, if appropriate.

Example:

[The Student's] school staff, vocational rehabilitation counselor, and family will contact public and private agencies to assist him in obtaining funding for an augmentative device that can be used after he graduates from school. They will begin contacting agencies at the beginning of his senior year. The vocational rehabilitation counselor will identify potential sources for technical support that will be available to the student after he graduates.

2. General Student Information:

Example:

Evaluation Results: The 10/19/05 Assistive Technology evaluation revealed that [The Student] demonstrated difficulty completing all writing assignments using standard classroom tools such as pencil and paper.

Academic, Developmental and Functional Needs: [The Student] demonstrates deficits in spelling grammar, and punctuation errors.

Assistive Technology Devices/Services: [The Student] should have access, within the classroom setting, to a hand-held spellchecker to aid him in editing his hand written communications and computer-based word processing program with built-in spell check, grammar, and punctuation check.

Accommodations: Due to her severe visual impairment, [The Student] requires that all testing materials including directions and, if appropriate, answer sheets should be provided for her use in Braille. Her answers will be transferred onto a scorable answer document as written by [The Student].

3. Instructional Plan:

Present Levels of Academic Achievement and Functional Performance: This component of the IEP includes statements regarding the student's current level of functioning across curricular areas. This is an appropriate place to discuss how Assistive technology will be used to remediate deficits and to provide compensatory technology for enhancing access to the classroom curriculum.

Example:

[The Student] demonstrates difficulty completing all writing assignments, using standard classroom tools such as pencil and paper. His writing samples are characterized by spelling, grammar, and punctuation errors. [The Student] demonstrates proficiency in manipulative devices, such as a keyboard/calculator. [The student] has access to a hand-held spell checker and a computer-based word processing program to aid him in editing his hand written communication.

Annual Goals (and Objectives for Students Participating in Alternate Assessment):

Typically, if a student is using Assistive technology, it is addressed in the goals and objectives. The Assistive technology is simply a tool that assists the student in accomplishing the objective. **The IEP team should determine the goals and objectives first and then decide how technology will be used to accomplish them.**

Example:

[The Student] will write a three to five sentence paragraph with less than two misspelled words when using a hand-held spell checker to correct misspelled words.

4. Program/Services Page:

Supports needed for School Personnel: This section provides the place to document consultation and training needed in Assistive technology and identify the discipline responsible for the training (OT, SLP, PT, Regional center for Assistive Technology, etc).

Example:

The Speech Language Pathologist will consult with instructional personnel and provide training, if needed, in the use and programming of [The Student's] voice output device.

Accommodations for LEAP: Assistive technology that the student requires to participate in statewide and district-wide assessments should be documented in this component of the IEP. The type of technology that is used by the student may determine that additional LEAP accommodations are needed.

Example for the student who uses Braille:

Braille and Transferred Answers would both be indicated in addition to any other accommodations needed.

5. Accommodations Needed Page: Assistive Technology must be documented in this section of the IEP if the student is using the technology in the school setting. This technology must agree with that

justified in General Student Information and that determined necessary for LEAP accommodations on the Program/Service page.

The documentation of Assistive technology devices and services will be clearly written so that all IEP team members, including parents, have a full understanding of how the assistive devices and services will be provided. Unless the IEP team has determined that a particular make and model of a device is required, it is best to describe features of the required technology; for example, the IEP team may use the description of a talking word processing application with a built-in spell check: rather than the name of a particular program. If the IEP team determines that only one particular model will meet the student's need, then the specific model should be listed by name.

The IEP team must reconvene when Assistive Technology devices are needed to address areas other than those identified in the most recent evaluation. It is not necessary to reconvene the IEP for upgrades for existing technology identified in the most recent evaluation.

Requesting Assistance:

If the IEP team has difficulty determining the most appropriate means of addressing Assistive technology in the IEP, they should seek consultation from the school system Assistive technology specialist/Assistive technology team.

Part V:

Assistive Technology Implementation and Integration

Requirement:

The student's IEP team will implement the student's assistive technology intervention program as outlined in the student's IEP. In certain situations, it may be beneficial to develop an assistive technology intervention plan. (Appendix B)

Procedures:

When appropriate, the IEP team will develop an assistive technology intervention plan (Appendix B) to ensure that the assistive technology is implemented as documented in the student's IEP. This plan outlines the projected outcomes of the intervention, the action steps required to achieve the outcomes, the staff responsible to implementing the action steps, and a plan for evaluating the effectiveness of the intervention (Appendix C). A sample assistive technology intervention plan is available in this manual.

The IEP team will follow school system procedures to ensure that the recommended assistive technology is made available to the student as required in the IEP.

Requesting Assistance

The student's IEP team may request assistance from the school system's Assistive Technology specialist when needed. The following types of Assistive technology are available. The appropriate form to request assistance is found in (Appendix C).

- **Device Loan Program**

The IEP team will contact the school system assistive technology specialist/assistive technology team to obtain the required assistive technology if it is not readily available in the school setting. The required assistive technology may be available in another school, in the school system's loan program, or through the loan program for Region 8's Center for Assistive Technology. If the device is available in the school system's loan program, the school staff will submit a request for loan form that is available in this manual.

- **Device Customization**

The IEP team will install, modify, customize, and program the obtained assistive technology to meet the student's individual needs. If the school staff requires assistance with these tasks, they should complete a referral for on-site assistance using the forms provided in this manual.

- **Device Maintenance and Repair**

When equipment is not in working order, the school staff will contact the school system assistive technology specialist to obtain directions as to how they should proceed in getting the device repaired.

- **Device Training and Support**

The school staff will participate in professional learning courses as needed to obtain the skills and expertise necessary to implement the assistive technology intervention program. Professional learning training may be requested from the school system assistive technology specialist using the forms available in this manual.

The IEP team will ensure that the assistive technology is made available in all relevant environments. If the student requires the assistive technology in the home setting, the school staff will complete the agreement for home use of assistive technology form found in this manual.

The school staff will ensure that the available assistive technology is integrated into all appropriate curricular activities.

The Assistive technology intervention program will be modified as needed based on student needs and curriculum.

Part VI:

Monitoring the Use and Effectiveness of Assistive Technology

Requirement:

The student's IEP team will monitor the student's use of the recommended assistive technology and make changes in programming as needed.

Procedures:

The student's IEP team will collect data on the student's use of assistive technology as outlined in the IEP or assistive technology intervention plan (Appendix C).

The IEP team will analyze the data to determine the continued appropriateness of the assistive technology intervention and to make changes in programming as needed.

The school staff will make changes in the student's assistive technology intervention plan as needed based on data collected by the team.

Tracking:

To insure Richland Parish's compliance with state guidelines and procedures, the Supervisor of Special Education Services will designate personnel to maintain data on students in the parish regarding technology usage. This will include:

1. Assist with maintaining accurate and detailed inventory of parish's Assistive technology equipment and location of equipment within the parish.
2. Maintain and report all screening, evaluations, consultations, in-services and tech support.
3. To maintain up to date records on all equipment loans.

Appendix A

Assistive Technology Screening Form, Consideration Checklist, and Resource Guide

- ☐ Initial Screening/Pre-referral activity
☐ Documentation of Consideration
☐ Additional Service Request

Richland Parish Schools' Assistive Technology Screening Checklist for Use in Educational Programming

The Assistive Technology Screening Checklist documents physical, fine/gross motor, communication, sensory, academic, recreation and leisure, vocational, and self-help areas in which assistive technology may be considered to enable a student with a disability to access the general education curriculum. It serves as an organizer for considering those skills and activities in which assistive technology would benefit a student's functioning in an academic setting. Please answer the following questions. Be sure to list any accommodation or assistive technology attempted and the results. If the answer is "no", please provide a brief statement describing the problem. This form must be completed for all initial evaluations as part of pre-referral activities.

Student: _____ **DOB** _____ **Screening Date:** _____
School: _____ **Grade** _____ **Person Completing Form:** _____

Physical Functioning/Gross Motor Abilities:

Can the student independently sit upright, maintain posture, sit on the floor, participate in playing/running, and navigate within his educational setting? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Fine Motor:

Can the student cut with scissors, use writing utensils, copy from a book, turn pages in a book, draw, form letters, stay on the line, and trace independently? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Can this student use a standard keyboard and mouse to access a computer? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Communication Functioning:

Does this student speak to communicate? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Does this student use a mode other than speech? ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, list _____

Is the student's mode of communication understood by others: ☐ Yes ☐ No

Vision/Hearing:

Is the student able to see printed materials, track/follow visual stimulation and transfer information from a book, chart, or chalkboard to paper without the use of visual aids other than those generally available to all students in the setting? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Is the student able to adequately hear and respond to instruction within the educational environment? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Academic Functioning:

Does the student write legibly and at a reasonable rate? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Does the student accomplish written tasks (paragraphs, essays, short answers)? ☐Yes ☐No

Does the student perform mathematical tasks needed for school and daily living using aids/accommodations generally available to all students within the setting? ☐Yes ☐No

Does the student take notes at the level needed in school and/or in daily living? ☐Yes ☐No

Does the student visually track along a line of print? ☐Yes ☐No

Does the student correctly spell words needed to communicate in written print? ☐Yes ☐No

Does the student read text independently? ☐Yes ☐No

Does this student attend to instruction? ☐Yes ☐No

Does this student demonstrate adequate memory in order to complete tasks assigned: ☐Yes ☐No

Recreation/Leisure:

Is the student able to use the playground equipment, participate in group recreational activities, and other extra-curricular activities independently? ☐yes ☐No

Vocational Functioning (If applicable)

Does the student demonstrate sufficient positioning and stamina to work in a job? ☐Yes ☐No

Is the student able to use vocational equipment, telephones, and computer without modifications generally provided to all students in the setting? ☐Yes ☐No

General Health:

Is the student's health condition adequate for satisfactory school performance? ☐Yes ☐No

Self-Help:

Is the student able to manage daily self-care and daily living activities as well as other students in the educational setting? ☐
Yes ☐No

Environmental Control/Sensory:

Is this student able to sit and attend to instruction in a reasonable fashion compared to his peers? ☐Yes ☐No

Does this student demonstrate oversensitivity to sounds, lights, smells, temperature, or touch? ☐Yes ☐No

To be completed by IEP Team and/or Evaluation Team:

Recommendations:

The student has been screened/considered for assistive technology and :

- ☐ No further action is required at this time.
- ☐ Additional screening and/or possible evaluation by the AT Team is needed.
- ☐ The following accommodations and/or classroom strategies are recommended to address the concern:

Actions Taken:

- ☐ Provided a list of recommendations for the IEP Team to consider
- ☐ Completed the referral forms required and sent to the AT Team on _____.



WATI Assistive Technology Assessment Checklist

SEATING, POSITIONING AND MOBILITY

Seating and Positioning

- ☐ Standard seat/workstation at correct height and depth
- ☐ Modifications to standard seat or desk
- ☐ Alternative chairs
- ☐ Adapted/alternate chair, sidelyer, stander
- ☐ Custom fitted wheelchair or insert

Mobility

- ☐ Walking devices - crutches/walker
- ☐ Grab bars and rails
- ☐ Manual wheelchair
- ☐ Powered scooter, toy car or car
- ☐ Powered wheelchair w/ joystick or other control
- ☐ Adapted vehicle for driving

COMMUNICATION

- ☐ Concrete Representation
- ☐ Simple speech generating device
- ☐ Speech generating device with levels
- ☐ Speech generating device with icon sequencing
- ☐ Speech generating device with dynamic display
- ☐ Text based device with speech synthesis

COMPUTER ACCESS

- ☐ Positioning of student
- ☐ Standard Keyboard/Mouse with accessibility/access features built into the operating system
- ☐ Standard Keyboard/Mouse with Adaptations
- ☐ Rate Enhancement
- ☐ Alternate Keyboard/Mouse
- ☐ Onscreen keyboard
- ☐ Voice recognition software
- ☐ Eye Gaze
- ☐ Morse Code
- ☐ Switch Access
- ☐ Other: _____

MOTOR ASPECTS OF WRITING

- ☐ Environmental and seating adaptations
- ☐ Variety of pens/pencils
- ☐ Adapted pen/pencil
- ☐ Writing templates
- ☐ Prewritten words/phrases
- ☐ Label maker
- ☐ Portable word processor
- ☐ Computer with accessibility features
- ☐ Computer with word processing software
- ☐ Alternative keyboards
- ☐ Computer with scanner
- ☐ Computer with word prediction
- ☐ Computer with voice recognition software

COMPOSITION OF WRITTEN MATERIAL

- ☐ Picture Supports to write from/about
- ☐ Pictures with words
- ☐ Words Cards/Word Banks/Word Wall
- ☐ Pocket Dictionary/Thesaurus
- ☐ Written templates and Guides
- ☐ Portable, talking spellcheckers/dictionary/thesaurus
- ☐ Word processing software
- ☐ Word prediction software
- ☐ Digital templates
- ☐ Abbreviation expansion
- ☐ Word processing with digital supports
- ☐ Talking word processing
- ☐ Multimedia software with alternative expression of ideas
- ☐ Tools for citations and formats
- ☐ Voice recognition software

READING

- ☐ Standard Text
- ☐ Book adapted for access
- ☐ Low-tech modifications to text
- ☐ Handheld device to read individual words
- ☐ Use of pictures/symbols with text
- ☐ Electronic text
- ☐ Modified electronic text
- ☐ Text reader
- ☐ Scanner with OCR and text reader
- ☐ Text reader with study skill support

MATHEMATICS

- ☐ Math manipulatives
- ☐ Low-tech physical access
- ☐ Abacus/marhline
- ☐ Adapted math paper
- ☐ Adapted math tools
- ☐ Math "smart chart", math scripts
- ☐ Math tool bars
- ☐ On-screen calculator
- ☐ Alternative keyboards/portable math processors
- ☐ Virtual manipulatives
- ☐ Math software and web simulations
- ☐ Voice recognition math software

ORGANIZATION

Self-Management

- ☐ Sensory regulation tools
- ☐ Movement and deep pressure tools
- ☐ Fidgets
- ☐ Auditory
- ☐ Visuals

(Organization continued in next page)



ORGANIZATION *(continued)*

Information Management

- ☐ Tabs
- ☐ Sticky notes, index cards
- ☐ Highlighters
- ☐ Key words
- ☐ Study guide
- ☐ Task analysis
- ☐ Digital highlighters and sticky notes
- ☐ Handheld scanners/electronic extraction
- ☐ Electronic organization
- ☐ Study grid generators/grading rubric
- ☐ Online search tools
- ☐ Online web trackers
- ☐ Online sorting file tools
- ☐ Digital graphic organizers
- ☐ Online manipulatives, interactive, tutorials, animations

Time Management

- ☐ Checklists
- ☐ Paper planners/calendars
- ☐ Schedules (visual)
- ☐ Portable, adapted timekeepers
- ☐ Electronic reminders
- ☐ Digital planners (PDA) cell phones
- ☐ Web-based planning tools

Material Management

- ☐ Low-tech organizers
- ☐ Checklists
- ☐ Container system
- ☐ Coding system
- ☐ Electronic filing and storage
- ☐ Portable electronic storage
- ☐ Computer-based tools

RECREATION AND LEISURE

- ☐ Typical toys/puzzles/balls/utensils/instruments adapted, adjustable equipment; flexible rules; add visual/auditory clarity
- ☐ Specialty designed utensils/equipment
- ☐ Electronically/mechanically adapted utensils and equipment
- ☐ Electronic aids – remote controls, timers, CD players, speech generating devices
- ☐ Computer-facilitated and computer-based activities
- ☐ Online and virtual recreational experiences

VISION

Computer access

- ☐ Color scheme
- ☐ Large operating system features
- ☐ Built-in magnification
- ☐ Fully-featured magnification
- ☐ Magnification with screen reader
- ☐ Screen reader
- ☐ Screen Reader with Braille device

VISION *(continued)*

Reading

- ☐ Glasses
- ☐ Color Filter
- ☐ Slantboard
- ☐ Large print
- ☐ Optical Magnifier
- ☐ Electronic Magnifier
- ☐ CCTV
- ☐ Monocular
- ☐ CCTV with distance camera
- ☐ Audio text
- ☐ Computer-based reading software
- ☐ Electronic Braille notetaker

Mathematics

- ☐ Large print measuring tools
- ☐ Large key calculator
- ☐ Tactile measuring devices
- ☐ Abacus
- ☐ Talking calculator
- ☐ Models or 2D and 3D geometric shapes
- ☐ Tactile embossed, PLAF Tactile representation

Pictorial Information

- ☐ Enlarged format
- ☐ CCTV
- ☐ Models or objects
- ☐ Tactile graphics
- ☐ Tactile-audio graphics

Note taking

- ☐ Slate and stylus
- ☐ Tape or digital recording device
- ☐ Computer-based recording software
- ☐ Electronic Braille note taker

HEARING

Hearing Technology

- ☐ FM
- ☐ Infrared
- ☐ Induction Loop
- ☐ I:1 Communicators
- ☐ Personal amplification

Alerting

- ☐ Visual or vibrating alerting devices

Communication

- ☐ Telecommunication supports
- ☐ Closed captioning
- ☐ Person to person
- ☐ Classroom/group activities
- ☐ Voice to text/sign
- ☐ Real-time captioning

Writing

- ☐ High contrast pen
- ☐ Portable word processing device
- ☐ Typing with audio support
- ☐ Braillewriter
- ☐ Typing with Braille support
- ☐ Electronic Braille note taker
- ☐ Voice recognition

Mobility

- ☐ Cane
- ☐ Monocular
- ☐ Braille/talking compass
- ☐ Electronic travel device
- ☐ GPS device

Assistive Technology Consideration Form

Directions: This form is a tool to facilitate the assistive technology consideration process based on the SETT framework, WATI, and GPAT. Use the Assistive Technology Consideration Companion Guide as a reference for completing the following questions and prompts.

<p>Section 1. Use the AT Consideration Companion Guide to help Identify instructional areas and tasks concerning student IEP goals.</p>	<p>Section 2. Use the AT Consideration Companion Guide to help list accommodations, modifications, and strategies used to address designated instructional areas and tasks.</p>	<p>Section 3. Use the AT Consideration Companion Guide to explore possible assistive technology tools. List all assistive technology discussed as potentially beneficial to instructional areas and tasks, or any AT currently used. <i>(At least one potential device/service must be listed to demonstrate consideration)</i></p>
<p>Section 4. Does the IEP team determine that current accommodations, modification, and strategies will lead to adequate success within instructional areas and tasks without the use of assistive technology?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes , AT is not required. Document Results in the GSI</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No (Continue to section 5)</p>		<p>Section 5.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> AT is required. The IEP team knows the nature and extent of the AT devices/services needed and will address AT in the student's IEP, attain the device, and create an Implementation plan.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> AT may be required. The IEP determines that additional information is needed and will follow their LEA's policies and procedures to document results in the GSI, request additional AT screening, assessment, and possible AT trials by _____ Date.</p>

Assistive Technology Consideration Companion Guide

The following is a non exhaustive list of potential accommodations, modifications, strategies, and assistive technology according to instructional concerns. Use these examples as a reference when completing the assistive technology consideration form.

Section 1. Instructional Areas and Tasks	Section 2. Accommodations Modifications, and Strategies	Section 3. Assistive Technology
Writing/Written Composition <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fine Motor Writing Spatial/Syntax Composition 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extended Time Breaks Student writes on test Shorten Task Copy of notes (teacher notes, class notes) Alternative Assignment Dictionary/Thesaurus/Spell Checker Word Banks Sentence Starters Graphic Organizers Answers Recorded Transferred Answers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speech to Text Slant Board Word-Processor Software Alternative Pencils Pencil Grip Adapted Paper Touchscreen Stylus On Screen Keyboard Adapted Keyboard Equation Editor Word Prediction Spell/Grammar Check Highlighting Voice Recording Tracking Aids and Masking (See Vision)
Reading <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify Letters Identify Letter Sounds Whole Word Recognition Decoding Words Comprehension 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extended Time Read Aloud Vocabulary List Dictionary Symbolized Text Graphic Organizers Lower Text Complexity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Text to Speech <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Optical Character Recognition Highlight Reading Page Reading Audio Book Digital Book Tracking Aids and Masking (See Vision)

Math <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Math Word Problems • Math Organization • Math Calculation • Math Expressions/ Writing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extended Time • Breaks • Shorten Task • Graphic Organizer • Scratch Paper • Answers Recorded • Answers Transferred 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Calculator • Adapted Paper • Manipulatives • Speech to Text • Equation Builder • Voice Recording • Talking Measuring Tools
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Math <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Math Word Problems • Math Organization • Math Calculation • Math Expressions/ Writing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extended Time • Breaks • Shorten Task • Graphic Organizer • Scratch Paper • Answers Recorded • Answers Transferred 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Calculator • Adapted Paper • Manipulatives • Speech to Text • Equation Builder • Voice Recording • Talking Measuring Tools
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Section 1. Instructional Areas and Tasks	Section 2. Accommodations Modifications, and Strategies	Section 3. Assistive Technology
Communication <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Receptive Language • Expressive Language 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication Assistant/Task Description • Prompting and Redirection • Interpreter • Preferential Seating • Model Use of Communication Device • Engineering Environment with Core Vocabulary • Modify/Repeat/Model Directions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alternative & Augmentative Communication <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Dynamic <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Symbolized Motor Plan APP ■ Symbolized Grammatical APP ■ Text Only AAC APP ○ Static <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Printed Core and Fringe Vocabularies ■ Mid-tech voice output device ■ Tactile symbols • Speech Recognition Software

Computer Access <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical Interaction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mouse/Cursor Movement Keyboard Use 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Preferential Seating Shorten task Breaks Alter Physical Room Environment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eyegaze Switching Scanning Joystick Alternative Mouse Adapted Keyboard On Screen Keyboard Touch Screen Stylus Voice Recognition Software
Vision <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Media <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Large Print High Tech Screen Braille Tactile Auditory 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Preferential Seating <ul style="list-style-type: none"> appropriate lightening Close proximity to the board or teacher Unobstructed View Extended time Breaks Modify/repeat/model directions Shorten Task Large Print Digital Text and Books Reduce Visual Distractions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tracking Aids and Masking <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contrast and Color Saturation Color Overlays Color Tape Masking Tools Aapated Paper <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bold line Raised line Different spacing Colored Graph Screen Magnification Software CCTV (closed circuit television) Low Vision Aids <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Text Magnifier Text to Speech <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Optical Character Recognition Highlight Reading
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Page Reading Voice Recognition Software Voice Recording Positioning Aids Braille Notetaker
Section 1. Instructional Areas and Tasks	Section 2. Accommodations Modifications, and Strategies	Section 3. Assistive Technology

Hearing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aided • Unaided 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preferential Seating • Copy of notes (teacher notes, class notes) • Interpreter • Modify/repeat/model directions • Peer note-taker • Provide a written/text outline of lecture • Visual Supports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assistive Listening Devices <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ FM, UHF, Bluetooth, or Infrared Amplification ◦ Classroom Wide Amplification ◦ Induction Loop ◦ Coupling Accessories • Alerting Devices and Software • Telecommunication Devices and Software <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Closed Captioning ◦ Relay Services ◦ Webcam/Video Calling • Note Taking Devices and Software <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Smartpen ◦ Speech Recognition Software ◦ Real Time Captioning
Executive Functioning <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Self Management • Time Management • Materials Management • Information Management 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Allow breaks during work periods, between tasks, during testing • Extended Time • Word bank, reduced answer choices on multiple choice test • Provide assistance/cues for transition between classes, lockers, and home • Shorten task • Provide Word bank/Word assistance • Modify/repeat/model directions • Visual Schedule and Supports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Note Taking Software • Mind Mapping Software • Calendars and Reminders • Focus Apps • Visual and Digital Timers
Section 1. Instructional Areas and Tasks	Section 2. Accommodations Modifications, and Strategies	Section 3. Assistive Technology

<p>Sensory Regulation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Regulation/Reactivity <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Distress in or avoidance of stimulating environments ○ Decreased response to sensory stimuli ● Sensory-motor planning/organization <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Difficulty organizing classroom materials ○ Difficulty planning movement ● Sensory Discrimination <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Difficulty discriminating letters or words ○ Clumsiness and confuse spatial orientation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Preferential seating ● Allow movement breaks during work periods, between tasks, during testing ● Access to sensory/calm area ● Provide assistance/cues for transition between classes, lockers, and home ● Shorten task ● Modify/repeat/model direction ● Alter physical room environment ● Modify student's schedule ● Visual Schedules 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Calming Sounds and Music Applications ● Alternative Seating ● Sensory Regulation Items ● Timers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Sound Output ○ Visual ● Sensory Toys/Materials <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Lights and Colors ○ Noise Making ○ Texture interactive ○ Scented and Fragrant ○ Chewable
<p>Physical Functioning and Mobility</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Moves about/ambulates around the classroom, school, and/or community <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Including drills and emergency situations ● Manipulates educational materials as required in assigned activities ● Maintains appropriate seating/ position for 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Preferential Seating ● Alter physical room environment ● Modify student's schedule ● Provide ergonomic seating and positioning ● Provide multiple seating and positioning options throughout the day ● Wheelchair accessible classroom set-up 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Alternative Seating ● Positioning Aids (e.g., prone and supine standers, foot rests, side layers) ● Adapted Classroom Equipment (e.g., tables and desks) ● Lifts for Transfers ● Mounting Systems ● Walkers ● Crutches/Canes ● Wheelchair Support Accessories

participation in relevant activities		
Section 1. Instructional Areas and Tasks	Section 2. Accommodations Modifications, and Strategies	Section 3. Assistive Technology
Fine Motor Manipulation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Grasps and manipulates small objects. Maintains coordination during activity. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Allow breaks during work periods, between tasks, during testing Shorten task Model appropriate skills 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adapted Fasteners Adapted Eating Utensils Adapted Scissors Rubber Grippers Universal Cuffs Adapted Fasteners Key Turners
Recreation and Leisure <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Participate in games and play activities Participate in art activities Participate in sports and exercise activities Listen to music Read a book Watch TV/Movie Play with toys Participate in social media/online communities Use the computer/internet 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change complexity of task Model appropriate skills Modify games and activities Visual Supports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adapted Toys Adapted Games Adapted Books Sensory Supports Environmental Controls Alternative Pencils Adapted Pencils/Colors
Self Help & General Health <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Self Care <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Feeding self Dressing self Perform personal hygiene and grooming tasks Toileting Self Safety Awareness Perform medically necessary procedures Maintains stamina to complete tasks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Visual Schedule and Supports Shorten task Increased time Modeling appropriate skills Needed items within reach 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Engineering room with core vocabulary Visual and Digital Timers App Reminders Habit-Emotional Tracking Apps Adapted utensils (universal cuff, built up handles, weighted utensils) Adapted equipment (adapted toilet seats, sliding boards, changing tables) Disposable materials (toileting wipes, changing table paper, gloves)

Section 1. Instructional Areas and Tasks	Section 2. Accommodations Modifications, and Strategies	Section 3. Assistive Technology
<p>Vocational</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Completes assigned tasks within designated timelines • Utilize tools and/or equipment to complete tasks • Completes single and multiple step tasks • Stays on task until work is complete • Stays on task without supervision • Self-advocates to get needs met • Procurement of accessible educational materials (AEMs) • Contacts post-secondary service providers to obtain assistance • Manages finances • Safely navigates community and local environments • Completes steps to obtain a job 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Break tasks into smaller steps/segments • Cooperative participation with peers and adults • Daily planner book • Determine and teach regularly traveled routes to students with visual impairments • Follow a picture task analysis • Individualized task and material modifications to meet student needs • Location identifiers • Modification of task length and complexity • Orientation to unfamiliar environments • Show a model of the end product • Sighted guide for visually impaired • Student self-monitoring • Verbal and/or visual cues • Modeling 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensory supports • Watches, timers or alarms • Device, Software or App <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Auditory reminders ○ Speech prompting ○ Daily planners ○ Outlining/graphic organizers ○ Financial management software ○ Screen enlargement ○ Document scanner ○ OCR scanning software ○ Braille translation software ○ Braille note taker with refreshable display ○ Braille embosser ○ Digital recorder/player ○ white cane ○ GPS for students with visual impairments ○ Smartphone with appropriate apps • Augmentative & Alternative Communication (AAC) solutions • Alternate access/accessibility features <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Alternative Mouse ○ Adapted keyboards ○ Switch access ○ Eyegaze ○ Screen readers ○ Magnifiers

Glossary of Important Terms

Section 1 Terminology

- Aided Hearing
 - This refers to the use of external devices or aids, such as hearing aids or cochlear implants, to enhance a person's ability to hear and understand sounds. These devices amplify sound for individuals with hearing impairments.
- Auditory (Vision)
 - For vision, auditory refers to utilizing sound-based information as a supplementary means to convey information or facilitate understanding. Auditory methods include spoken descriptions, audio recordings, or assistive technology like screen readers to provide access to educational materials and help students with low vision grasp content through their sense of hearing.
- Composition
 - The process of creating a written piece of work that conveys a message, expresses thoughts, shares information, or tells a story. It involves using language, grammar, and structure to communicate effectively and engage the reader.
- Expressive Language
 - Expressive language refers to the ability to convey thoughts, emotions, and ideas through spoken or written communication. It involves using words, sentences, and gestures to express oneself effectively.
- Fine Motor Manipulation
 - The intricate and coordinated use of small muscles, particularly those in the hands and fingers, to manipulate objects in a coordinated manner.
- Fine Motor Writing
 - The ability to use the fingers and hand to physically write, draw, and/or color in a coordinated manner.
- Information Management
 - It involves the proficient handling, organization, and utilization of data and knowledge to support effective decision-making, problem-solving, and goal achievement. This skill entails planning how information is acquired, stored, retrieved, and shared, while also ensuring accuracy, relevance, and timely access for improved cognitive flexibility and strategic thinking.
- Materials Management
 - The skill of strategically organizing, acquiring, using, and distributing physical resources, tools, and assets to efficiently accomplish tasks and goals. It involves planning, attention to detail, time management, and adaptive decision-making to optimize resource utilization and enhance productivity.

- Math Expressions/Writing

The representation of mathematical concepts using symbols, numbers, and mathematical notation. It includes the ability to write equations and formulas to express mathematical relationships.

- Math Organization

- Math organization refers to the structured arrangement of mathematical concepts, processes, and information. It involves categorizing, sequencing, and arranging mathematical content in a logical manner when solving problems.

- Media

- Specialized formats and tools to facilitate written communication and expression for individuals with limited or no vision. This includes braille, large print, accessible electronic devices, screen readers that convert written content into auditory or tactile formats.

- Physical Interaction

- The process of engaging with digital devices using various input methods. The goal is to facilitate effective communication between users and computers by translating physical actions into digital commands.

- Receptive Language

- The ability to understand and interpret spoken or written language. It involves processing and comprehending the information conveyed by others.

- Regulation/Reactivity

- The ability to manage and appropriately respond to sensory input from the environment to maintain an optimal level of arousal and attention.

- Self Management

- The ability to regulate and control one's behavior, emotions, and actions in a purposeful and adaptive manner to achieve goals, make decisions, and navigate various situations.

- Spatial/Syntax

- The arrangement and structure of written content on the page. It involves understanding how to organize words, sentences, paragraphs, and overall text in a coherent and visual way.

- Sensory Discrimination

- This skill refers to sensory needs causing clumsiness, deficits in spatial orientation, and difficulties when identifying letters and numbers.

- Sensory-motor planning/organization

- The ability to plan and perform the necessary movements to keep up with physical and organizational tasks.

- Sensory Regulation

- The ability to select and process sensory information to plan and perform appropriate behaviors during functional tasks.

- Tactile

- Sensory experiences and information that are accessible through the sense of touch. Tactile learning involves textured or raised lines, surface, or marking, tactile graphics, braille and other physical attributes to convey information and facilitate understanding of concepts, objects, or surroundings.

- Time Management
 - The skill of effectively planning, organizing, and allocating time to tasks and activities in order to achieve goals and priorities while balancing various responsibilities.
- Unaided Hearing
 - An individual's natural ability to hear and perceive sounds without the use of external hearing aids, cochlear implants, or other amplification devices. It pertains to the auditory sense functioning without any additional technological assistance to enhance or restore hearing ability.

Section 2 Terminology

- Alternative Assignment
 - A different task or project provided to a student as an accommodation, tailored to their needs and abilities.
- Answers Recorded
 - Allowing a student to provide responses orally while an aide writes them down on their behalf.
- Alter Physical Room Environment
 - Making changes to the classroom environment to accommodate physical needs, such as providing ergonomic furniture or wheelchair accessibility.
- Breaks
 - Scheduled pauses during tasks or activities to provide students with rest and sensory regulation opportunities.
- Communication Assistant/Task Description
 - A support tool or clear instructions provided to help students understand and complete tasks.
- Engineering Environment with Core Vocabulary
 - Creating a learning space enriched with essential vocabulary and communication aids to support language development.
- Extended Time
 - Granting additional time for completing assignments, assessments, or tasks to account for processing speed or other needs.
- Habit-Emotional Tracking Apps
 - An application that collects data regarding emotion, behavior, and habits throughout the day.
- Interpreter
 - A professional who facilitates communication between a student and others by translating spoken language into sign language or vice versa.
- Lower Text Complexity
 - Providing reading materials with simplified language and content to match a

- student's reading level.
- Model Use of Communication Device
 - Demonstrating how to use communication devices, such as AAC (Augmentative and Alternative Communication) tools, to encourage student participation.
- Modify/Repeat/Model Directions
 - Adjusting instructions, repeating them, or demonstrating the steps to ensure students comprehend and follow directions.
- Preferential Seating
 - Placing a student in a specific location in the classroom, such as closer to the teacher, to optimize their learning environment.
- Prompting and Redirecting
 - Providing cues or reminders to guide a student's behavior or actions back on track during tasks.
- Reduce Visual Distractions
 - Minimizing visual clutter and distractions in the learning environment to help students focus.
- Sentence Starters
 - Providing introductory phrases or sentence beginnings to assist students in initiating their writing.
- Shorten Task
 - Providing introductory phrases or sentence beginnings to assist students in initiating their writing.
- Symbolized Text
 - Using symbols, icons, or images alongside text to aid comprehension for students with communication difficulties.
- Transferred Answers
 - Allowing students to respond to assessments or assignments through means other than traditional writing, which are recorded by an aide.

Section 3 Terminology

- Adapted Books
 - Printed materials modified with tactile features, symbols, or interactive elements to make them accessible to individuals with disabilities.
- Adapted Classroom Equipment
 - Adjusted tools and furniture in the classroom to accommodate the needs of students with disabilities.
- Adapted Games
 - Games that have been modified to include sensory or tactile components, allowing individuals with disabilities to participate.
- Adapted Eating Utensils

- A eating utensil that is modified for alternative gripping, and or has the ability to prevent spills and shaking of food items.
- Adapted Fasteners
 - A tool that makes zipping and buttoning of clothing easier.
- Adapted Keyboard
 - A keyboard customized with larger keys, color-coded keys, or other modifications for easier use by individuals with motor challenges.
- Adapted Paper
 - Paper with specialized features such as larger lines, raised lines, or textures for improved writing and drawing for those with fine motor difficulties.
- Adapted Toy
 - A toy that has been modified to be accessible and engaging for individuals with disabilities.
- Alternative & Augmentative Communication
 - A set of tools and strategies that assist individuals with communication difficulties, including devices, apps, and systems.
- Alternative & Augmentative Communication Dynamic Device
 - A High Tech form of AAC that involves access to a series of vocabulary on multiple pages on one device.
 - Symbolized Motor Plan APP
 - AAC Apps contain symbolized vocabulary that are arranged primarily on location, and the least amount of navigation to access words.
 - Symbolized Grammatical APP
 - AAC Apps containing symbolized vocabulary that are arranged primarily on the organization of the parts of speech, and folder categories.
 - Text Only AAC APP
 - AAC Apps containing printed text without any symbolization. These apps allow students to store entire words, phrases, and type out sentences to be vocalied through the device.
- Alternative & Augmentative Communication Static Device
 - A Low or Mid Tech form of AAC where students access singular pages of vocabulary at a time that require manual effort to exchange
 - Printed Core and Fringe Vocabularies
 - A printed selection of core vocabulary words that never change unless replaced with another printed copy.
 - Mid-tech voice output device
 - A printed selection of core vocabulary words that never change unless replaced with another printed copy. However, it is placed in a battery operated device that will vocalize students' responses upon pressing the vocabulary word.
 - Tactile Symbols
 - Constructed tiles that contain a variety of textures, shapes, and physical patterns that represent specific vocabulary words.
- Alternative Mouse
 - A modified computer mouse or a tool that functions essentially like a mouse designed for ease of use by individuals with motor impairments.
- Alternative Pencils

- An alternate form of writing for students that cannot use writing tools or keyboards involving the selection of letters and numbers through partner assisted scanning.
- Alternative Seating
 - Furniture designed to provide comfortable and supportive seating options for individuals with postural or sensory needs.
- Altering Devices and Software
 - Tools and software that alert an individual of occurrences, events, hazards, or anything else that a person with hearing difficulties may not notice.
- Assistive Listening Device
 - A device that amplifies sound for individuals with hearing impairments, aiding in better understanding of spoken information.
- Braille Note Taker
 - A portable electronic device used by blind individuals to take notes in Braille.
- CCTV
 - Closed-circuit television system that magnifies and displays printed material on a screen for those with low vision.
- Environmental Controls
 - Devices that enable individuals with limited mobility to control household items like lights, appliances, and doors.
- Equation Editor
 - Software that helps create and format mathematical equations for individuals with writing or typing challenges commonly allows for dictation.
- Eyegaze
 - Technology that allows individuals to control a computer or device by using eye movements.
- Highlighting
 - Tools that emphasize text or digital content to aid reading and focus
- Joystick
 - Input device often used by individuals with mobility challenges to control computers or games.
- Lifts
 - Equipment designed to lift and transfer individuals with mobility difficulties, ensuring safe movement.
- Low Vision Aids
 - Device or tool designed to assist individuals with limited sight, which is a significant visual impairment that cannot be fully corrected by eyeglasses, contact lenses, or medical treatment.
- Mounting Systems
 - Equipment to securely position devices or tools, accommodating different physical abilities.
- Note Taking Devices and Software
 - Tools that assist in capturing and organizing notes for individuals who struggle with traditional note-taking methods.
- On Screen Keyboard

- A software-based keyboard displayed on the screen, useful for those who have difficulty using physical keyboards or tracking from the screen to an external keyboard.
- Position Aides
 - Supports that help individuals maintain a comfortable and supportive position for tasks.
- Screen Magnification Software
 - Software that enlarges on-screen content for individuals with visual impairments.
- Screen Reader
 - Software that converts digital text into spoken words, enabling those with visual impairments to access written information.
- Sensory Regulation Item
 - Any tool or piece of equipment that helps a student manage sensory input from their environment to improve focus, comfort, and participation. to be prescribed by an occupational therapist.
- Sensory Toys/materials
 - Play items/tools designed to provide sensory stimulation and engagement. Recommended to be prescribed by an occupational therapist.
- Slant Board
 - A surface tilted at an angle to assist individuals with fine motor or visual challenges while reading, writing, or drawing.
- Speech to Text
 - Technology that converts spoken language into written text.
- Switching Scanning
 - A method for individuals with motor difficulties to interact with devices by using switches to navigate through options.
- Telecommunication Devices and Software
 - Tools and software that enable communication via text, video, or other means.
- Text to Speech
 - TEchnology that converts written text into spoken Language
 - Optical Character Recognition
 - Technology that converts printed or handwritten text into machine-readable digital text.
 - Highlight Reading
 - Software that reads text only when selected
 - Page Reading
 - Software that reads an entire page of text at a time
- Timers
 - Devices or software that assist individuals in managing time and tasks, which includes sounds and/or visuals.
- Tracking Aides and Masking
 - Tools that assist individuals in maintaining focus while reading or tracking lines of text.
- Universal Cuffs
 - A tool that straps to the hand and binds different objects which may include eating or writing utensils.

- Voice Assistant
 - Digital tools that respond to voice commands, often used to perform tasks or answer questions.
- Voice Recognition
 - Technology that converts spoken words into text or commands.
- Voice Recording
 - Devices or software that allow individuals to record and store spoken messages.
- Wheelchair Support Accessories
 - Equipment that enhances comfort, positioning, and accessibility for individuals using wheelchairs such as trays or head rests.
- Word Prediction
 - Software that suggests words or phrases as individuals type, aiding those with writing challenges.
- Word Processor Software
 - Computer software designed for creating and editing written documents.

Appendix B

Assistive Technology Implementation Plan

Assistive Technology Implementation Plan

Student's Name: _____ Age: _____ Meeting Date: _____

School/Agency: _____ Grade/placement: _____

Date for next Implementation plan update _____ Trial Use Guide Attached Yes ☐ No ☐

IEP Team Members		
Role	Printed Name	Signatures

AT Device Information
Device Name:
Application Name & Version (if applicable):
Owner of Device:
Identification Number (Model, Serial, or Agency Tag):

AT Service Information Part 1: Maintenance and Support
Maintenance and Support Required (Calibration, Charging, Repair, Replacing Batteries, Mounting, Programing, TroubleShooting, Customizing...etc)

<p>Person(s) responsible for each maintenance and support need:</p>
<p>Method to contact person(s) responsible for each maintenance and support need:</p>
<p>Contingency plan if person(s) responsible for maintenance and support cannot provide immediate assistance (may include low tech backups for high tech tools):</p>
<p>How will the device be transported between environments throughout the day (May include classrooms, gym, cafeteria, recess, hallways, and home):</p>

<p>AT Service Information Part 2: AT training for family, staff, and student</p>
<p>What IEP goals or criteria for trials are connected to successful device use in order to achieve academic and/or functional success (List Instructional Plan # and/or entire goal)</p>
<p>What are the necessary skills for the device to be successfully integrated by staff and/or family:</p>

<p>What are the necessary skills for the device to be successfully used by the student:</p>
<p>Will device/software impact how the student turns-in and receives assignments through print or digital mediums in any of their classes? If so, what skills or processes will be required for both students and staff:</p>
<p>Person(s) responsible for training family and/or staff members on proper device use and support:</p>

AT devices and services training and documentation log				
Person(s) to be trained	Specific Training Required	Location of Training	Training Duration	Date Completed

AT Action Plan			
Time/Location	Task Requiring AT	Application of AT	Staff Support Re

Appendix C

Request for Services and Required Forms

REQUEST FOR ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY SERVICES

Date: _____

Teacher's Name: _____ School: _____

Student(s) _____

Phone Number: _____ FAX Number: _____

E-Mail: _____

TYPE OF SERVICE REQUESTED

Please indicate the type of service that you are requesting by placing a √ in the left column.

	Type of Service	Required Forms to be Submitted with this Form
	Student Consultation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Student Request Form• Consultation Parent Permission Form• Copy of General Student Information from IEP
	Student evaluation (Will only be done subsequent to a student consultation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Student Request Form• School system Permission to Evaluate form with assistive technology listed on the form• Copy of General Student Information from IEP• Consideration Checklist
	Classroom consultation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Classroom Consultation Information Form
	Device technical support	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Email AT Coordinator
	Inservice Request	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Inservice Request Form/Email AT Coordinator

If you would like for us to work with someone else to schedule this service, please provide their contact information:

Name: _____ Position: _____

Address: _____

Phone Number: _____ FAX Number: _____

E-Mail: _____

Teacher

Date

PLEASE RETURN ALL REQUIRED FORMS TO: ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY TEAM/AT Coordinator
PUPIL APPRAISAL OFFICE
CENTRAL OFFICE

STUDENT REQUEST FORM CONSULTATION OR EVALUATION

Date: _____

Student(s) _____ Grade Level: _____

Teacher's Name: _____ School: _____

Phone Number: _____

Parents: _____ Phone Number _____

Please note that the student's teacher and all related service providers are expected to be present during this consultation or evaluation.

What specific instructional or educationally relevant areas would you like to see addressed during this consultation or evaluation? What do you want the student to be able to do that he or she is not able to do at this time?

What information (results) do you hope to gain as a result of this consultation or evaluation?

Teacher

Date

**PLEASE RETURN FORM TO: ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY TEAM/AT COORDINATOR
PUPIL APPRAISAL OFFICE
CENTRAL OFFICE**

**PARENT PERMISSION FORM
ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY
CONSULTATION**

Dear Parent:

Your child's school has requested assistance from the school assistive technology team/specialist to aid the school staff in developing and/or implementing an assistive technology intervention program for your child. The assistive technology specialist/team will work with your child's teachers and related service providers (e.g. speech-language pathologist, occupational therapist, and physical therapist) to determine your child's assistive technology needs and to make recommendations for assistive technology devices and services.

Upon receipt of the request packet completed by the school staff and your permission to work with your child, a visit will be scheduled to your child's classroom. Following the visit, the school will be provided with a written report that will include recommendations to your child's IEP team regarding assistive technology devices and services. You may request a copy of this document from the school.

Please indicate below your agreement for this request for the assistive technology specialist/team to work with your child during the on-site technical assistance visit. Please note that you are also giving the assistive technology specialist/team permission to review your child's educational records. If you have any questions about this request for permission or would like additional information about the nature and purpose of this visit, please contact your child's teacher.

Sincerely,

Assistive Technology Specialist

Please complete below and return to your child's teacher as soon as possible.

Student's Name: _____

Parent's Name: _____

_____ **Yes,** I do give my permission for the school system assistive technology team/specialists to work with my child during this on-site technical assistance visit. I understand that the purpose of this visit is to assist the school staff in developing an assistive technology intervention program for my child. I also give my permission for the assistive technology team/specialists to review my child's educational records.

_____ **No,** I do not give my permission for the school system assistive technology team/specialists to work with my child during this on-site technical assistance visit. It is my understanding that a visit cannot be scheduled without my permission.

Parent's Signature

Date

PARENT PERMISSION FORM ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY EVALUATION

Dear Parent:

Your child's school has referred you child for an assistive technology evaluation to aid them in developing and/or implementing an assistive technology intervention program for your child. The assistive technology specialist/team will work with your child's teachers and related service providers (e.g. speech-language pathologist, occupational therapist, and physical therapist) to determine your child's assistive technology needs and to make recommendations for assistive technology devices and services.

Upon the receipt of the request packet completed by the school staff and your permission to work with your child, a visit will be scheduled to your child's classroom. Following the visit, the school will be provided with a written report that will include recommendations to your child's IEP team regarding assistive technology devices and services. You may request a copy of this document from the school.

Please indicate below your agreement for his request for the assistive technology specialist/team to conduct an assistive technology evaluation. Please note that you are also giving the assistive technology specialist/team permission to review your child's educational records. If you have any questions about this request for permission or would like additional information about the nature and purpose of this evaluation, please contact your child's teacher.

Sincerely,

Assistive Technology Specialist

Please complete below and return to your child's teacher as soon as possible.

_____ Yes, I do give my permission for the school system assistive technology team/specialists to conduct an assistive technology evaluation of my child to assist them in developing an assistive technology intervention program for him/her. I also give my permission for the assistive team/specialists to review my child's educational records.

_____ No, I do not give my permission for the school system assistive technology team/specialists to conduct an assistive technology evaluation of my child to assist them in developing an assistive technology intervention program for him/her. It is my understanding that a visit cannot be scheduled without my permission.

Parent's Signature

Date

Classroom Consultation Information Form

Date: _____

Grade Level: _____ Teacher's Name: _____

School: _____ Telephone _____

Student Information:

Please provide the following information on the students in the class.

Number of Student	
Age Range of Students	
Types of Disabilities	

Describe difficulties that the students are experiencing across instructional areas (academics, communication, mobility, aids to daily living, play/leisure, listening/hearing, etc.) What do you want the students to do that they are unable to do?

Intervention and Technology Solutions Implemented:

What types of modifications, accommodations, and instructional strategies have been implemented to address these concerns?

What difficulty are you experiencing with any of the technology solutions listed above?

What have you or other school staff done to address these difficulties?

What types of assistive technology solutions are currently available in the classroom? Have they been successful?

Signature

Date

PLEASE RETURN REQUEST TO: ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY TEAM/AT COORDINATOR
PUPIL APPRAISAL OFFICE/CENTRAL OFFICE

TECHNICAL SUPPORT REQUEST

Date:_____ Student:_____

Contact Person:_____ School:_____

Telephone: _____ FAX:_____

Device Information:

Name of Device-Hardware-Software:_____

Manufacturer:_____

Version-Model:_____

If computer based, type of computer:_____

Where is the equipment located: _____

Problem:

What do you think that the problem is with the device, software, or hardware?

Signature-Contact Person

Date

Principal

Date

**PLEASE RETURN REQUEST TO : ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY TEAM/AT COORDINATOR
PUPIL APPRAISAL OFFICE
CENTRAL OFFICE**

INSERVICE REQUEST FORM

Name of person Requesting In-service: _____

School: _____

Address: _____

Telephone: _____ FAX: _____

In-Service Information:

Name of Device/software, etc. to be Addressed: _____

Knowledge Level of Participants: _____ Introductory _____ Intermediate _____ Advanced

Location of Inservice: _____

Desired Date or Dates for In-service: _____

Projected Number of Participants: _____

Age Levels Taught: _____

Program Areas Represented: _____

Additional Information:

Please include any additional information that will be beneficial to us in planning for this in-service.

Signature-Person Requesting In-Service

Date

Principal

Date

PLEASE RETURN REQUEST TO: **ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY TEAM/AT COORDINATOR**
PUPIL APPRAISAL
CENTRAL OFFICE

SHORT-TERM EQUIPMENT LOAN REQUEST

Date: _____ School: _____

Date Equipment is Needed: _____

School Contact Person (responsible for loan and equipment return): _____ ve
Phone: _____

Principal: _____

Please list the equipment you wish to borrow. Be as specific as possible. Equipment that is to be used together should be placed on one form. When several different pieces are desired, separate forms are needed. (ex .you need an AlphaSmart, mounting system and switch- would go on one form-AlphaSmart would go on separate form).

Your signature on this Short-term Agreement Request Form indicates your agreement to the following:

The school agrees to return the equipment at the end of the loan period.

The school agrees to reimburse the special education department for the cost of the equipment listed above should it be lost, stolen, or damaged during the time that the equipment is in the school.

Signature of Principal

Date

**PLEASE RETURN THIS REQUEST TO: ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY TEAM/AT COORDINATOR
PUPIL APPRAISAL
CENTRAL OFFICE**

Richland Parish School System

Equipment Loan Request Form

Date of Request: _____

Person Making Request: _____

School: _____ Contact Number: (____) _____

Email Address: _____

Reason for Request: _____

DUE DATE: _____

Your signature on the Agreement Request Form indicates your agreement to the following:

- The parent/student agrees to return the equipment at the end of the loan period.
- The parent/student assumes responsibility for the cost of the equipment listed above should it be lost, stolen, or damaged during the time that the equipment is in possession of the parent/student.

Principal's Signature

Date

Parish AT Contact Signature

Date

Parent's Signature

Date

Student's Signature/Name

Date

For Office Use only:

Date Loaned: _____

Delivered To: _____

Delivered By: _____

Condition of Equipment: _____

Date Returned: _____

Delivered To: _____

Delivered By: _____

Condition of Equipment: _____

